SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: Wearever Brake Parts Non-Chlorinated 5 GAL - W5086

Other means of identification
SDS number: RE1000039877

Recommended restrictions
Product Use: Cleaner
Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name:	CARQUEST DIVISION OF ADVANCE AUTO PARTS
Address:	5008 AIRPORT RD ROANOKE , VA 24012
Telephone:	1-877-238-2623
Fax:	

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable liquids	Category 2

Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Toxic to reproduction	Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	Category 3[1.]
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1

Target Organs
1. Narcotic effect.

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 2

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word:	Danger
Hazard Statement:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life.
Precautionary Statements	
Prevention:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.
Response:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see on this label). Take off contaminated clothing. In case of fire: Use# to extinguish.
Storage:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	50 - <100%
Heptane	142-82-5	25 - <50%
Cyclohexane, methyl-	108-87-2	1 - <5%
Benzene, methyl-	108-88-3	0.1 - <1%
Hexane	110-54-3	0.1 - <1%
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0.1 - <1%

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air.

Skin Contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention.

Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: No data available.

Hazards: No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: No data available.

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water may be ineffective in fighting the fire. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause a flash fire or ignite explosively. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures:	No data available.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Dike far ahead of larger spill for later recovery and disposal. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.
Notification Procedures:	Dike for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.
Environmental Precautions:	Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a cool place. Store locked up.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	PEL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)
	REL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	TWA	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Heptane	TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	85 ppm 350 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)

	STEL	500 ppm	2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	400 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	STEL	500 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	Ceil_Time	440 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Cyclohexane, methyl-	PEL	500 ppm	2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	400 ppm	1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	400 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	REL	400 ppm	1,600 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Benzene, methyl-	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	100 ppm	375 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	100 ppm	375 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	300 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	200 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX. CONC	500 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Hexane	TWA	50 ppm	180 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	500 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	50 ppm	180 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Cyclohexane	TWA	100 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Benzene, ethyl-	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
Benzene	REL	0.1 ppm		US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	25 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	0.5 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	2.5 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	OSHA_ACT	0.5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	TWA	10 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX.	50 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02

	CONC		2006)
	STEL	5 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 ppm	US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	STEL	1 ppm	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)

Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Benzene, methyl- (toluene: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.03 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (o-Cresol, with hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.3 mg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (toluene: Sampling time: Prior to last shift of work week.)	0.02 mg/l (Blood)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Hexane (2,5-Hexanedion, without hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.5 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2018)
Benzene, ethyl- (Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.15 g/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (02 2014)
Benzene (S-Phenylmercapturic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 µg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene (t,t-Muconic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	500 µg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)

Appropriate Engineering Controls No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin Protection

Hand Protection: No data available.

Other: Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Respiratory Protection: In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Hygiene measures: Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not smoke. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:	liquid
Form:	liquid
Color:	Clear
Odor:	Characteristic
Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Estimated 88 - 100 °C
Flash Point:	Estimated -7 °C
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.
Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - upper (%):	Estimated 7 %(V)
Flammability limit - lower (%):	Estimated 1 %(V)
Explosive limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	No data available.
Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	Estimated 0.7 g/cm3
Relative density:	Estimated 0.7 - 0.71 (20 - 25 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	0.64 mm2/s (25 °C)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	No data available.
Conditions to avoid:	Heat, sparks, flames.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: Inhalation is the primary route of exposure. In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.

Skin Contact: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact: Eye contact is possible and should be avoided.

Ingestion: May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Heptane	LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane, methyl-	LD Lo (Rabbit): 4,000 - 4,500 mg/kg
Benzene, methyl-	LD 50 (Rat): 5,580 mg/kg
Hexane	LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Dermal

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 3,750 mg/kg
Heptane	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane, methyl-	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Benzene, methyl-	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Hexane	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product: ATEmix: 375.71 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 1,250 mg/kg Oral Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 28 d): > 375 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Supporting study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 10,000 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	NOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation): 12,470 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 1,000 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 250 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 1,600 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Benzene, methyl-	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 1,250 mg/kg (Target Organ(s): Liver, Kidney) Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 625 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation - vapor): 2,355 mg/l Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	NOAEL (Mouse(Male), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 500 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Mouse(Male), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 1,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation, 16 Weeks): 3,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Mouse(Female), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 500 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 13 - 18 Weeks): 7,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Mouse(Female, Male), Inhalation, 13 - 18 Weeks): 500 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Heptane	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study
Benzene, methyl-	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane	Review (Various): Irritating. in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
Heptane	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
Cyclohexane, methyl-	Rabbit, 0.5 - 168 hrs: Not irritating
Benzene, methyl-	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
Hexane	Rabbit, 1 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Heptane	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Cyclohexane, methyl-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Benzene, methyl-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Cyclohexane	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Cyclohexane, methyl-	May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro
Product: No data available.

In vivo
Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity
Product: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
Product: Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
Product: No data available.
Specified substance(s):

Cyclohexane, methyl-	Category 1
Benzene, methyl-	Category 2
Hexane	Inhalation - vapor: Nervous System - Category 2

Target Organs
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: Narcotic effect.

Aspiration Hazard
Product: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish
Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LC 50 (96 h): 8.41 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	LC 50 (Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia mossambica), 96 h): 375 mg/l Mortality
Cyclohexane, methyl-	LC 50 (Oryzias latipes, 96 h): 2.07 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Benzene, methyl-	LC 50 (Oncorhynchus kisutch, 96 h): 5.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l Mortality
Cyclohexane	LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 4.53 mg/l Experimental result, Key

study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:	No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 4.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.326 mg/l Experimental result, Key study ED 0 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.037 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Benzene, methyl-	LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 54.6 - 174.7 mg/l Mortality LC 50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia, 2 d): 3.78 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 21.85 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h): > 50 mg/l Mortality
Cyclohexane	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.9 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product:	No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Other, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Other, Key study
Heptane	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 1.284 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Benzene, methyl-	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus kisutch): 1.39 mg/l Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Oncorhynchus kisutch): 2.77 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 2.8 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:	No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 0.17 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 0.23 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study
Benzene, methyl-	LOAEL (Ceriodaphnia dubia): 2.76 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Ceriodaphnia dubia): 0.74 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 4.888 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product:	No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product:	No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	90.35 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study
Heptane	70 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	> 0 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study > 0 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study
Benzene, methyl-	100 % (14 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study 86 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study
Hexane	81 % Detected in water. Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study
Cyclohexane	77 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product:	No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product:	No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 10 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Estimated by calculation, Key study
Heptane	Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 552 Aquatic sediment Estimated by calculation, Key study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): > 95 - < 321 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study
Benzene, methyl-	Leuciscus idus, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 90 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	Pimephales promelas, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 501.19 Aquatic sediment QSAR, Key study
Cyclohexane	Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 37 - 129 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Supporting study

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product:	No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Log Kow: > 2.4 - < 5.7 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 5.2 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 6.1 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	No data available.
Heptane	No data available.
Cyclohexane, methyl-	No data available.
Benzene, methyl-	No data available.
Hexane	No data available.
Cyclohexane	No data available.

Other adverse effects: Toxic to aquatic organisms.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number:	UN 1993
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Heptane)
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	3
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	No
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IMDG

UN Number:	UN 1993
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Heptane)
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	3
Label(s):	–
EmS No.:	
Packing Group:	II
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

IATA

UN Number: UN 1993
Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Heptane)
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Class: 3
Label(s): –
Packing Group: II

Environmental Hazards: No
Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.
Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Chemical Identity	OSHA hazard(s)
Benzene	Flammability
	Cancer
	Aspiration
	Eye
	Blood
	Skin
	respiratory tract irritation
	Central nervous system

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Heptane	lbs. 100
Cyclohexane, methyl-	lbs. 100
Benzene, methyl-	lbs. 1000
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Cyclohexane	lbs. 1000
Benzene, ethyl-	lbs. 1000
Benzene	lbs. 10

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Fire Hazard
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard
Flammable liquids
Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Toxic to reproduction
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
Aspiration Hazard
Static-accumulating flammable liquid

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity	Threshold Planning Quantity
Hexane		

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Heptane	lbs. 100
Cyclohexane, methyl-	lbs. 100
Benzene, methyl-	lbs. 1000
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Cyclohexane	lbs. 1000
Benzene, ethyl-	lbs. 1000
Benzene	lbs. 10

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical Identity	Threshold Planning Quantity
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10000 lbs
Heptane	10000 lbs
Cyclohexane, methyl-	10000 lbs
Benzene, methyl-	10000 lbs
Hexane	10000 lbs
Cyclohexane	10000 lbs
Benzene, ethyl-	10000 lbs
Benzene	10000 lbs

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Benzene, methyl-	Developmental toxin. 03 2008
Hexane	Male reproductive toxin. 12 2017
Benzene, ethyl-	Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Benzene	Developmental toxin. 03 2008
Benzene	Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Benzene	Male reproductive toxin. 03 2008

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light
Heptane
Cyclohexane, methyl-

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chemical Identity
Benzene

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light
Heptane
Cyclohexane, methyl-

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

Not applicable

Stockholm convention

Not applicable

Rotterdam convention

Not applicable

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable

Inventory Status:

Australia AICS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan (ENCS) List:	On or in compliance with the inventory
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada NDSL Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Philippines PICCS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Japan ISHL Listing:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Mexico INSQ:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Ontario Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory

16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date:	09/25/2019
Revision Information:	No data available.
Version #:	1.0
Further Information:	No data available.
Disclaimer:	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.